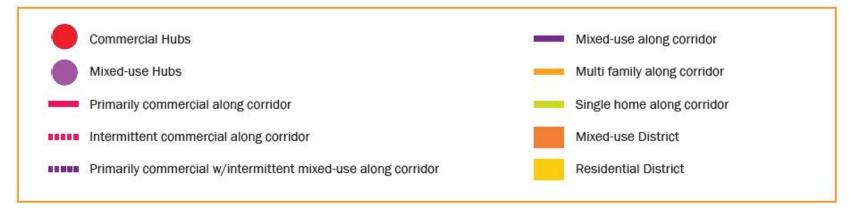


7 Nodes – 3 left out for now



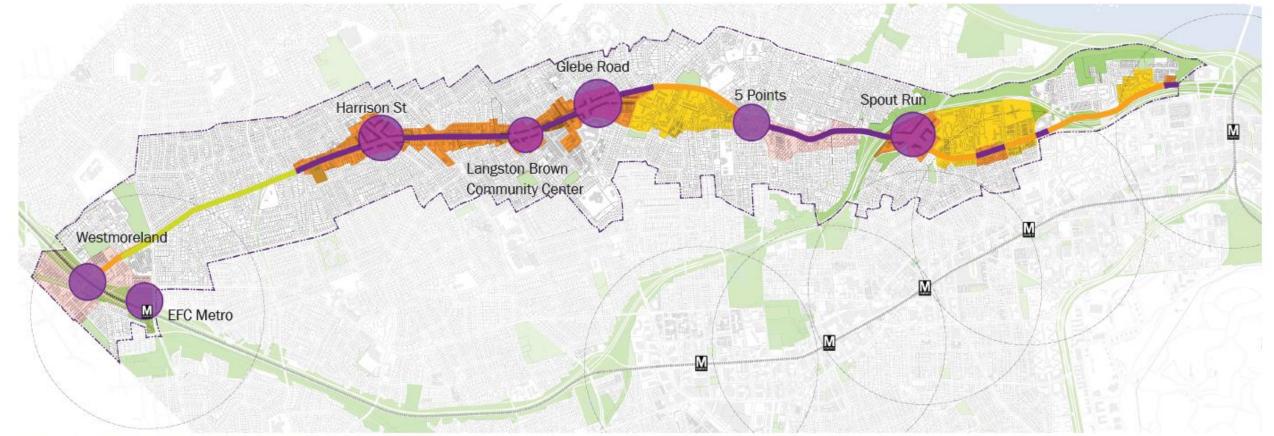


Figure 3.02: Future land use pattern along the corridor

How dense?

Penthouse bonus

15

Maximum Building Height

Up to 15 stories

<u>Plan</u>, p147

But ...

or more with additional density

p174

e.g. site plan "bonus" density

But ...





excludes the additional height needed for penthouses

p147



What can be built now?

Proposed PLB low

pp.65-67 (at least 5 by-right stories along Blvd); plus bonuses

"bonus" now

ACZO 15.5.9 Board can ↑ height via "site plan" process

"by-right" now Can be built without Board OK



In PLB?

Higher density

already OK

County not quantifying value of added density being given away

Existing/recent



Arlington County:

DOES NOT REVEAL VALUE of costs/benefits,

HOLDS COMMUNITY BENEFITS HOSTAGE to private developers;

- "limited building heights ... may result in areas ... with no improvements" (p19 of June 2023 PLB)
- "we can only get benefits through redevelopment" (county staffer to FNRC September 28, 2023)
- "Without adequate incentives for private development, opportunities to mitigate flooding and manage stormwater beyond parcel-scale mitigation requirements may be precluded and could adversely impact public financial resources." (p. 20 of Sept 28 PLB)

ADMITS to -- but doesn't solve -- LACK OF PUBLIC SPACE for stormwater, transit, park/rec, schools, community centers

• Given *limited public land along the corridor*, focus investment through co-location of other public facility needs on existing parcels through renovations, infill development, and/or redevelopment to add additional capacity *as needed (P. iv of September 28 PLB)*

Eyes Wide Open: County Offers Gentrification but Claims Equity, Remains Hostile to Low-Density Zones

"The predominance of lower-scale residential development is the result of the exclusionary zoning . . . limiting permitted development to only single-detached homes. While it is now legal to construct. . . up to 6 units . . . , without further intervention, a greater diversity of housing options will increase only incrementally." (p.12, Sept 28 PLB)

- Incorrect/divisive to equate racial exclusion and housing diversity. New units will be high priced 1 and 2-BR units;
- County reveals new intent to go well beyond MM into low density areas;
- It will force low to middle income families out of market rate affordables. Their homes like Wood Lee Arms and Leckey Gardens – go to landfills and they go to Prince William;
- New CAF's won't make up for the loss of units under 60% of AMI, are rarely family-sized, and stay
 affordable only 30 years. Neither it nor MM offer affordability solutions;
- ASF calls for transparency on GLUP goals to maintain lower density areas, and new tools to help low-income residents stay in Arlington (not displace them in favor of wealthier newcomers)

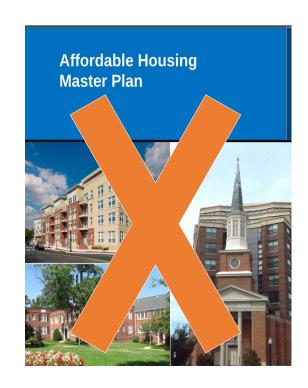
PLB: 24% Decline in Proportion of Affordable Units

PLB abandons 2016 community consensus for low to medium density, with justification it's needed to attain 2500 affordable units by 2040; Then it fails -- even with building heights of 7-15 stories;

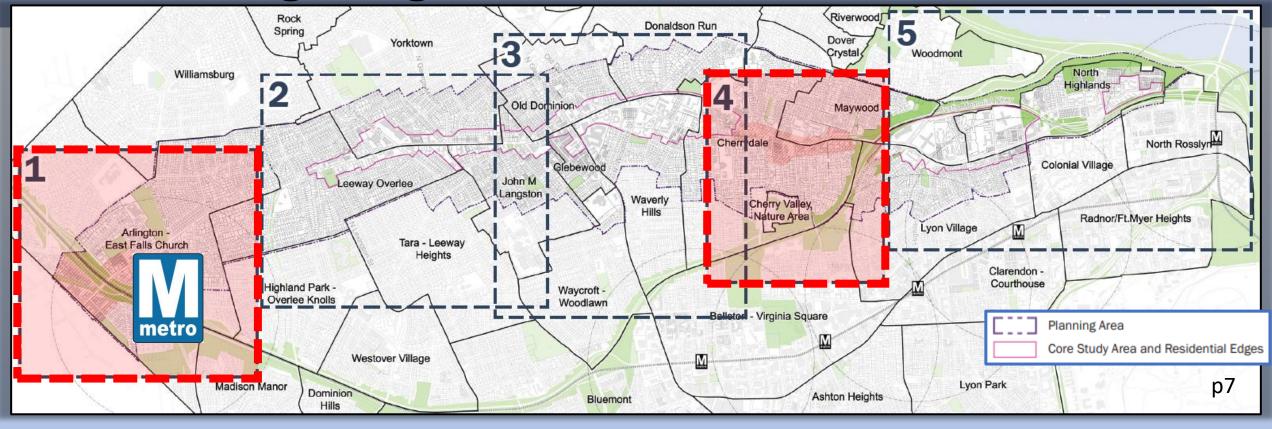
Most critically, even reaching the AHMP goal would reduce the percentage of affordables by 24% (or more) vs. today;

As a VISION FOR GENTRIFICATION PLB is UNACCEPTABLE

- Today, Langston Blvd area has 10,200 housing units, of which 1,936 are affordable (19.0% of the total units)
- By 2075, with PLB density, the County says Langston Blvd will have 26,300 total units, of which 3,807 are affordable (14.5%)
- So the County is offering a "VISION" for this area that goes from 1-in-5 affordable units to approx. 1-in-7, a 24% decline in AH ratio.



Rebranding Langston Boulevard (except the 40% left out)



"Current PLB is a density plan away from Metrorail that outsources infrastructure without projecting baselines"

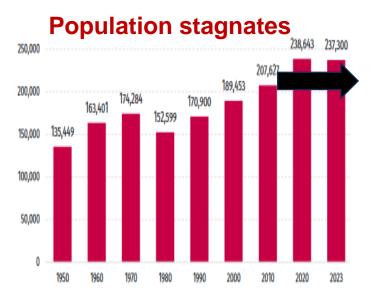
-ASF

EXCLUDES 4 of 7 key "activity hubs" including two at Metro (East Falls Church) & one at Cherrydale. Ignores that all Arlington faces impacts, higher taxes.

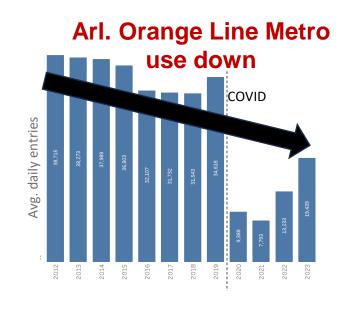
ABANDONS public lead; **DEPENDS** on private sector for public benefits (uncertain, ill-coordinated, not comprehensive in meeting all needs).

Must address new circumstances & Comp. Plan

Study began 2016, adds housing/retail, yet ignores:







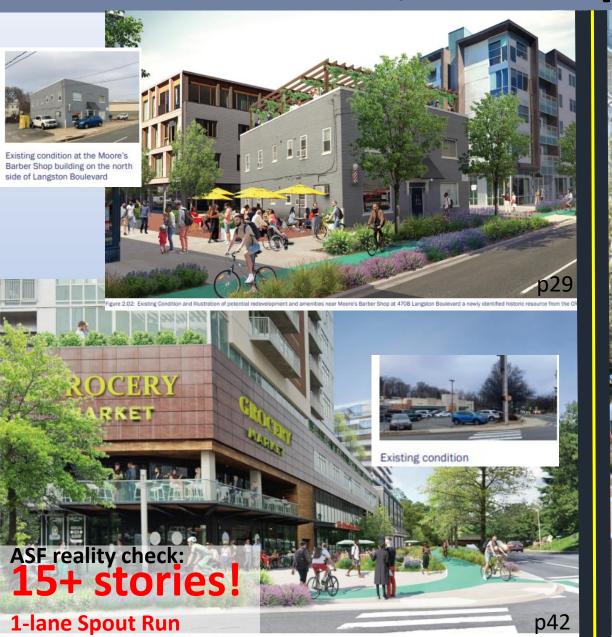
County on mad dash to densify

- 2018: projected 63,000 more by 2045 with current zoning
- 2022: 12,000 via Pentagon City Sector Plan (BUT no plan for OTR)
- 2023: Missing Middle (up to 6x density in neighborhoods)
- County ignores many Comprehensive Plan goals
 Energy, tree canopy, stormwater, infrastructure, and our budget!

Major projects on hold (Key Bridge Marriott, Pen Place, Col. Pike Amazon Fresh)



PLB's idealized, but cropped vision









PLB Fans Say Density Pays for Infrastructure — History Proves Otherwise

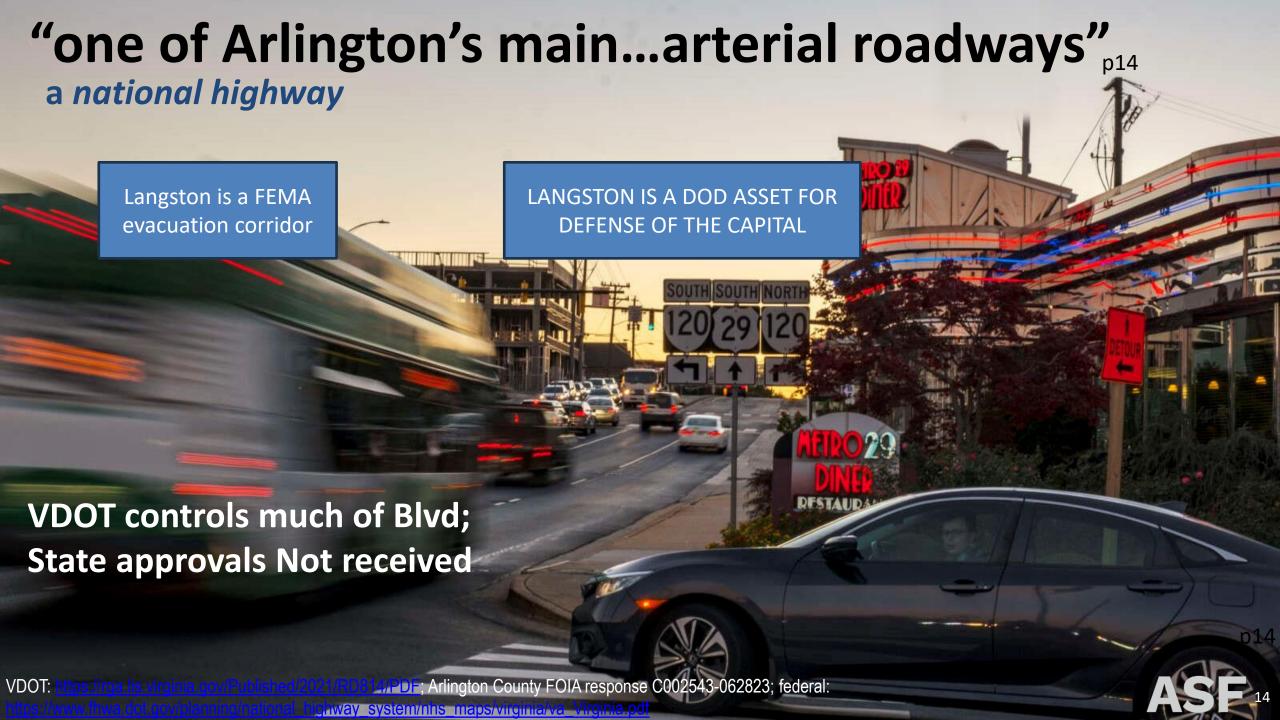
"Sewage release into Four Mile Run prompts warning,"

ARLnow.com June 6, 2022

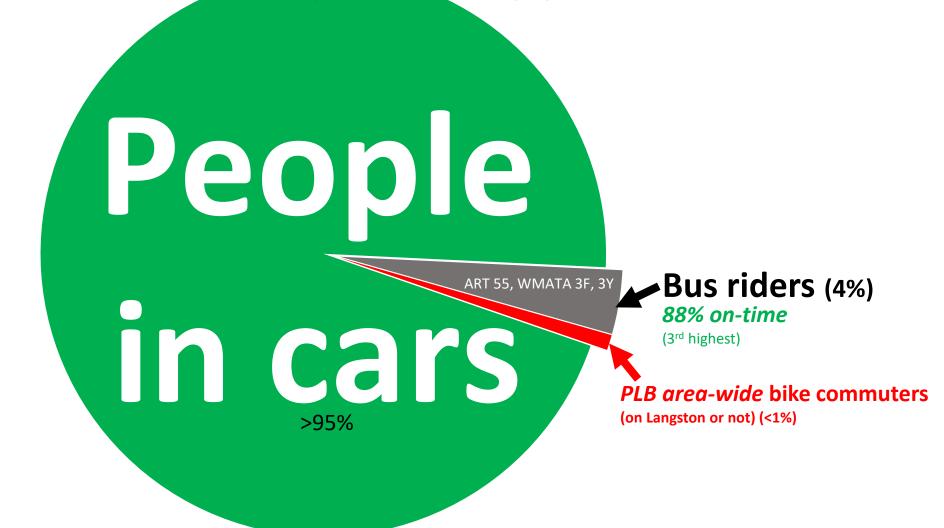








"An average day on Langston Blvd" – and we're adding 15,000 residents plus shoppers!



46,500 people in cars (just by Lyon Village)

1,774 people by bus (entire length of Langston)

425 bicyclists

(*entire PLB area commuters)

https://www.virginiadot.org/info/ct-TrafficCounts.asp (31,000 avg. daily max in 2021 during pandemic); https://css.umich.edu/sites/default/files/2022-09/Personal%20Transportation_CSS01-07.pdf (avg. 1.5 persons/car); https://www.arlingtontransit.com/about/monthly-service-ridership-reports/ (ART55: 240,579 trips July 2022-May 2023) & 88% on time; https://www.wmata.com/initiatives/ridership-portal/ (3F, 3Y); Plan p14, bikes 3% of 14,177 PLB area-wide commuters).

PLB ignores realities of life on Langston

Plan "improves" Rt29 **highway** (↓ & narrow lanes) to "allow" neighborhoods to add traffic

No analysis done on emergency evacuation

VDOT controls much of Langston & requires environmental impact statements

Uncertain County can get private land to fit new road width

Implausible traffic management scenarios

- Significant right-of-way require parcels by roadway for blocks
- Turn lanes for vehicles to turn into and out of developments
- Utility underground; very expensive
- Site feasibility unclear for claimed benefits



Stormwater mitigation: Storage & Overland





Large Stormwater Storage Needed in Public Space



Overland Relief Corridor Needed



Reduce impervious coverage and intercept stormwater through many smaller distributed detention areas in addition to larger storage areas in public space



Detain stormwater to the extent appropriate for this location in the watershed and provide overland relief for floodwater

Note: to achieve relief from 100- and 500-year storm events.

Overland relief may require the use of public right-of-way in addition to new or relocated facilities on private property.

On a positive note, PLB draws attention to need for "public storage" & "overland relief"

but...

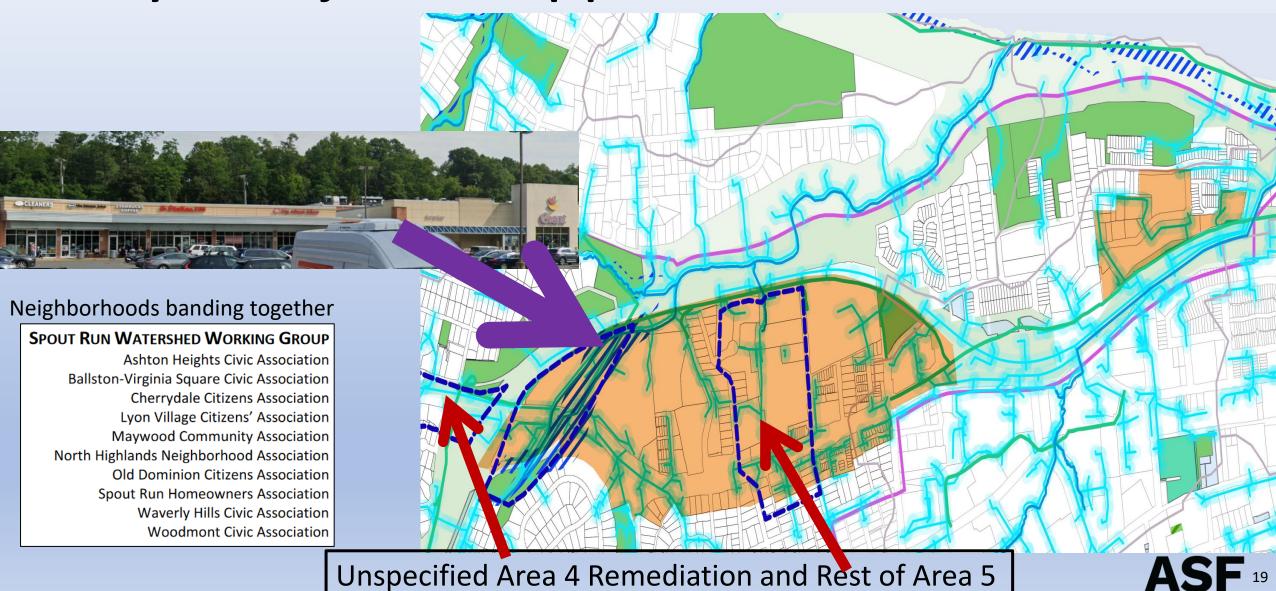
ASF 1

Flooding fix unclear; ignores parts; defers others • Unclear if consistent with Stormwater Plan & Chesapeake Bay Plan

- County-funded CIP Plan for Spout Run Watershed only for Area 3
- Ignores wider flooding risks
- ASK: Holistic plan & cost estimate FIRST, before trading density to private sector for piecemeal stormwater projects

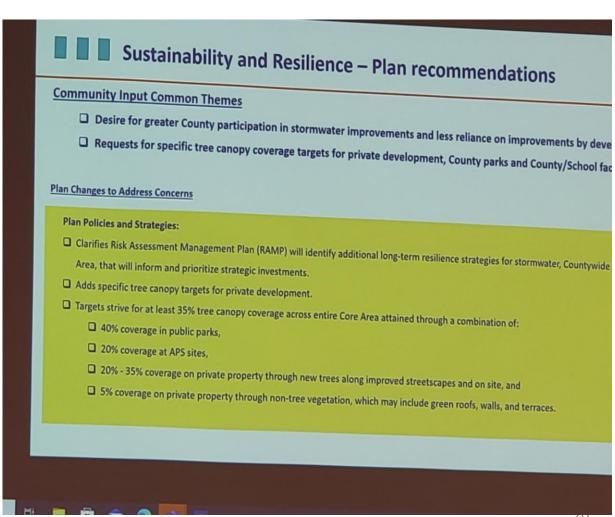


Plan: 15+ stories at Spout Run County should *first* develop public stormwater solutions



Developer-centric: Public spaces – not owned by the county, ignores key Comp Plan goals

- New spaces all privately owned, and mostly small hardscaped vs. green;
- <u>MISSING</u>: recreation, community centers, schools, county \$\$;
- Vague promises on stormwater but hard promises for developers
- 15,000 new residents need more than 6.3 acres of new public space, county still short of PSMP goal of 30 new acres;
- Last-minute 35% tree canopy not backed by data, unclear impacts beyond core area



ACT NOW – Board Votes Oct 14 - and Again in November

- Planning Commission Oct 2 (5-0 approved)
- County Board Request to Advertise October 14 2023
- County Board Final Vote November 2023
- 2024 changes to land use and zoning
- Next 30 years: VDOT studies, major demolition, road closures, traffic, lot consolidation, possible eminent domain and loss of single family inventory, and countless rounds of site planning

NOTE: Chamber of Commerce letter advocates for immediate zoning and land use changes and > 1.5 FAR base density, PROCESS COULD BEGIN SOON

Process - Last Minute Changes — Commissions Left Out

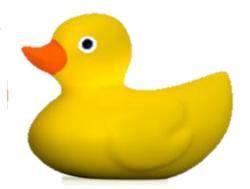
Oct 5 Headline - "Langston Blvd plan criticized for last-minute edits and smaller-than-hoped affordable housing commitments"

Commissions were briefed on draft - not final - edition!

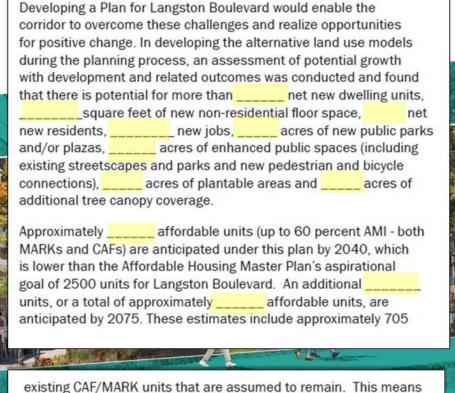
2 lame duck board members will determine 30-year plan!

Over 1300 changes just 3 weeks before RTA, including:

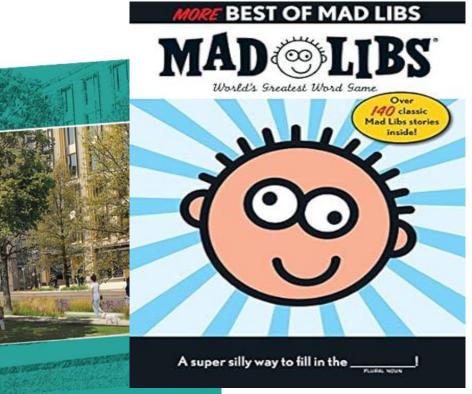
- -- changes to retail plan!
- -- changes to parking!
- -- no clarity on development process!
- -- changes to affordable housing!
- -- changes to tree canopy!
- -- changes to definition of building height!



Process: Arlington Adopts Planning by Madlibs



that approximately _____ new affordable units are anticipated by



2040 and _____ new affordable units are anticipated by 2075. a Plan

Request to Advertise Draft: September 28th, 2023

ASF | ARLINGTONIANS FOR OUR SUSTAINABLE FUTURE

ASF asks the County to:

- 1. **Defer** vote on PLB to engage public & do the analysis below
 - ❖No Board vote on massive plan with LAME DUCK members
- 2. **Project** total population of max buildout
- 3. **Prepare** long-term forecasts with current zoning v. changes for:
 - **❖**Budget
 - Environmental impact
 - Demographics



What can YOU do?

1. Write <u>CountyBoard@Arlingtonva.us</u>

cdorsey@arlingtonva.us; Lgarvey@arlingtonva.us; ttalento@arlingtonva.us; tkarantonis@arlingtonva.us; mdeferranti@arlingtonva.us

- 2. Speak at County Board meeting October 14
- 3. Contact ASF to get emails, donate, volunteer



4. Spread the word